

Algae.Tec Limited
Corporate Governance Statement - 2017



Corporate Governance Statement

The Board and management of Algae.Tec Limited (“Algae.Tec” or the “Company”) recognise their duties and obligations to shareholders and other stakeholders to implement and maintain a proper system of corporate governance. The Company believes that good corporate governance adds value to stakeholders and enhances investor confidence.

The ASX Listing Rules require listed companies to prepare a statement disclosing the extent to which they have complied with the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council (“Recommendations”) in the reporting period. The Recommendations are guidelines designed to improve the efficiency, quality and integrity of the Company. They are not prescriptive, so that if a company considers a recommendation to be inappropriate having regard to its own circumstances, it has the flexibility not to follow it. Where a company has not followed all the Recommendations, it must identify which Recommendations have not been followed and give reasons for not following them.

This Corporate Governance Statement (“Statement”) sets out a description of the Company’s main corporate practices and provides details of the Company’s compliance with the Recommendations, or where appropriate, indicates a departure from the Recommendations with an explanation.

This Statement is current as at 29 September 2017 and has been approved by the Board of Directors of Algae.Tec Limited.

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) The respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management: and (b) Those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management	Yes
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) Undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director: and (b) Provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on where or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Yes
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Yes
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) Have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity’s progress in achieving them: (b) Disclose the policy or a summary of it: and (c) Disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity’s diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: 1) The respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined “senior executive” for these purposes): or 2) If the entity is a “relevant employer” under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity’s most recent “Gender Equality Indicators”, as defined in and published under the Act.	Yes
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors: and (b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes

Commentary

The Corporate Governance Policies set out the functions and responsibilities of the Board of Algae.Tec Limited, and are available on the Algae.Tec website.

The Company seeks to have a board comprising directors with an appropriate variety of skill, experience and expertise who are competent in dealing with current and emerging issues of the business and who can effectively review and challenge the performance of management and exercise independent judgement. The Board has procedures for the selection and appointment of new directors and the re-election of incumbent directors, which are set out in the Corporate Governance Policies which are available on the Algae.Tec website.

Non-executive directors have written agreements with the Company setting out the terms of their appointment as directors. The two executive directors have employment contracts.

The Board meets on a regular basis. The agenda for these meetings is prepared by the Company Secretary who is also the Managing Director, in conjunction with the Chairman. Relevant information is circulated to directors in advance of the Board meetings. The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board on matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

The Board has adopted a policy on achieving gender, age and ethnic diversity in the Company's board and employees.

It is the Company's objective to have a minimum of 45% of the total workforce to be female by the year 2020.

The respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation is as follows:

Gender	Total	Senior Management	Board
Female	6	-	-
Male	21	-	5
%Female	22	-	-

The evaluation of the performance of the Board and individual directors is undertaken annually and in accordance with the terms of their employment contract. Performance reviews were undertaken in the reporting period.



Principle 2 – Structure the Board to add value

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
2.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) Have a nomination committee which:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, and disclose 3) The charter of the committee: 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; OR <p>(b) If it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>	Yes
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	No
2.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) The names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</p> <p>(b) If a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type describe in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</p> <p>(c) The length of service of each director.</p>	Yes
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	No
2.5	The Chair of the board of a listed entity should be independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO/Managing Director of the entity.	Yes
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes

Commentary

The Board believes the Company is not of sufficient size to justify having a Nomination Committee. If any vacancies arise on the Board, the Board and all directors are involved in the search and recruitment of a replacement.

The Board strives to ensure that it is comprised of directors with a blend of skills, experience and attributes appropriate to the Company and its business. The principal criterion for the appointment of new directors is their ability to add value to the Company and its business. In light of this, it has not been deemed necessary to create a formal document setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

The Board consists of Managing Director Mr Peter Hatfull, Executive Director Mr Earl McConchie, Independent Non-executive Chairman Mr Malcolm James, Non-Executive Director R.V. Venkatesh, Non-Executive Director Jonathan Lim, and two Alternate Directors, Allan Tan and Jith Veeravalli. The details of their skills, experience and expertise have been included in the 2017 Directors Report. The number of Board meetings and attendance of the directors are set out in the 2017 Directors Report.

Although the majority of the Board is not independent, the directors considers the current Board composition to be suitable in the present circumstances, with an appropriate range of qualifications and expertise, and directors who can understand and competently deal with current and emerging business issues as well as effectively review and challenge the performance of management. Furthermore, each individual member of the Board is satisfied that all directors bring an independent judgement to bear on board decisions.

New directors are provided with copies of all relevant documents and policies governing the Company's business, operations and management at the time of joining the Board. The Company is able to provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to assist in their roles. Directors are also encourage to personally undertake appropriate training and refresher courses conducted by the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Principle 3 – Act ethically and responsibly

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
3.1	A listed entity should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) Disclose that code or a summary of it. 	Yes

Commentary

As part of the Board’s commitment to maintaining a proper system of corporate governance, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct to guide directors and officers in carrying out their duties and responsibilities. The Code embraces the values of honesty, integrity, enterprise, excellence, accountability, justice, independence and equality of stakeholder opportunity. The Code of Conduct is available on the Algae.Tec website.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Have an audit committee which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose; 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and 5) In relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) If it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. 	Yes
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity’s financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes
4.3	A listed entity should that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Yes

Commentary

The board believes that due to the size and composition of the board and the size of the Company it is not appropriate to have an Audit Committee. The Board as a whole is responsible for the integrity of the Company’s financial reporting, reviews and oversees the planning process for external audits, the conduct of the external audit process and the independence of all parties to the process as well as reviewing the performance of external auditors, the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

Prior to the approval of the Company’s annual financial statements, the board obtains a declaration from its Managing Director and CFO that, in their opinion, the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company, and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Company’s external auditor attends every Annual General Meeting as required by the Corporations Act, and member are allowed a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to ask the auditor questions relevant to the audit, their report and independence, and the accounting policies adopted by the company.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) Have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) Disclose that code or a summary of it.	Yes

Commentary

The Company's Disclosure Policy is available on the Algae.Tec website. The Disclosure Policy sets out the key obligations of directors and employees in relation to continuous disclosure as well as the Company's obligation under the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act. The Policy also provides procedures for internal notification and external disclosure, as well as procedures for promoting understanding of compliance with disclosure requirements.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via a website.	Yes
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meeting so security holders.	Yes
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders to option to receive communicating from and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes

Commentary

The Board is committed to open and accessible communications with holders of the Company's shares. In accordance with continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules, all disclosure are made in a timely manner and posted on the Company's website.

Shareholders are forwarded the Company's Annual Report, if requested and documents relating to each General Meeting, being the Notice of Meeting, any Explanatory Memorandum and a Proxy Form, and shareholders are invited to attend these meetings. Shareholders may elect to receive communications electronically. The Company's external auditors are also required to be present at annual shareholder meetings to answer any queries shareholders may have with regard to the audit and preparation and content of the Audit Report.



Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
7.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) Have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director and disclose; 3) The charter of the committee 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or <p>(b) If it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</p>	Yes
7.2	<p>The board or a committee of the board should;</p> <p>(a) Review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and</p> <p>(b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such review has taken place.</p>	Yes
7.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) If it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</p> <p>(b) If it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.</p>	Yes
7.4	<p>A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.</p>	Yes

Commentary

The board as a whole is ultimately responsible for establishing and reviewing the Company's policies on risk profile, oversight and management and satisfying itself that management has developed and implemented a sound system of risk management and internal control in accordance with the Company's Corporate Governance Policies.

The board believes that due to the size and composition of the board, and the size of the Company it is not appropriate to have a Risk Committee.

The Company's risk management program is implemented under the direction of the Managing Director to ensure matters affecting goals, objectives and performance of the Company and the safety of its stakeholders are identified and assessed by an operational risk management framework in accordance with industry accepted standards.

The Company's risk management framework is reviewed annually. A review was undertaken in the reporting period.

The board believes that the Company is not of a size to justify having an internal audit function for efficiency purposes. The Company evaluates its risk management and internal control processes in consultation with its external auditor with a view to continually improving its effectiveness.

The board does not believe the Company has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks at the present time.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) Have a remuneration committee which'</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, and disclose 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or <p>(b) If it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>	Yes
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	N/A

Commentary

The Board believes it is not of a size to justify having a Remuneration Committee. The Company's remuneration policy is structured for the purpose of motivating executive directors and senior management to pursue the long-term growth and success of the Company. The Board sets the level and structure of remuneration to executive directors and senior executives for the purpose of balancing the Company's competing interest of attracting and retaining executive directors and senior management and not paying excessive remuneration. The Company did not have an equity based remuneration scheme during the financial year ending 30 June 2017.

